



CACHE REPLACEMENT WITH MEMORY ALLOCATION

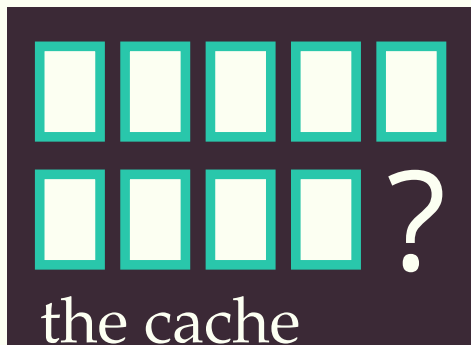
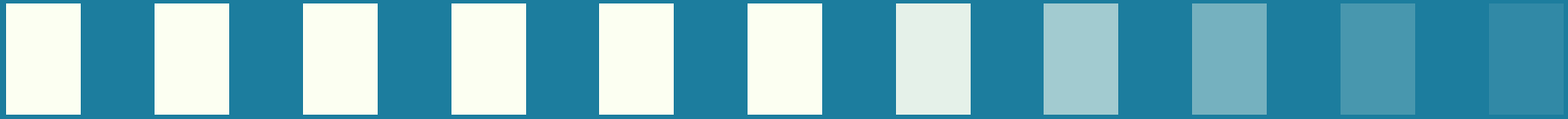
Shahram Ghandeharizadeh

Sandy Irani

Jenny Lam

ALENEX 2015 — January 5, 2015

THE PAGING PROBLEM

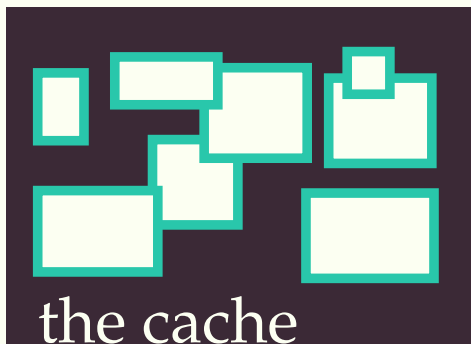


GOAL

minimize number of cache misses

THE GENERALIZED CACHING PROBLEM

variable size and cost



GOAL

minimize **total cost** of cache misses

SUBJECT TO

total size of items in cache
cannot exceed the cache size

THE MANAGED MEMORY CACHING PROBLEM

variable size and cost



every item must fit in a contiguous
segment of memory

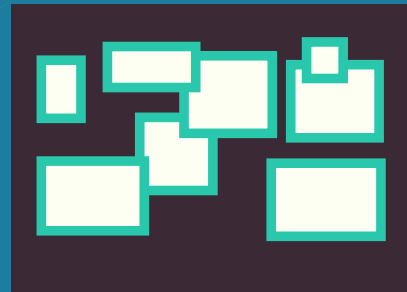
CACHE REPLACEMENT
MEMORY ALLOCATION

PAGING PROBLEM



main memory

GENERALIZED CACHING



webproxy



MANAGED MEMORY
CACHING PROBLEM



key-value stores

SIMPLE ALGORITHM

for the managed memory
caching problem

COMPETITIVE RATIO

if augmented memory
against optimal offline algorithm
for the generalized caching problem

EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS

RESULTS



GDS
Greedy-Dual Size

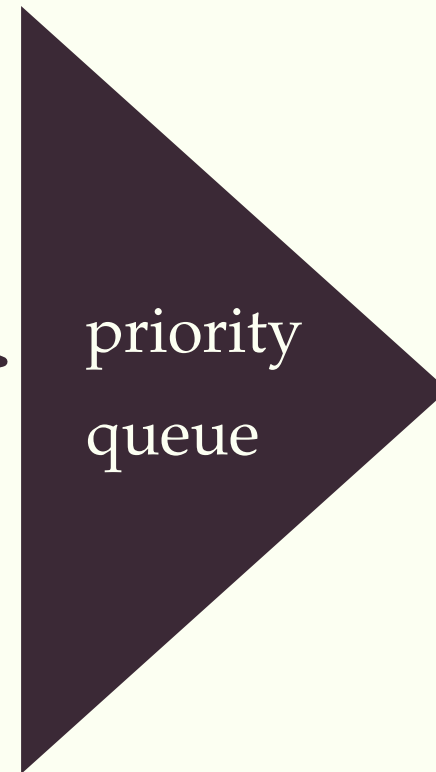
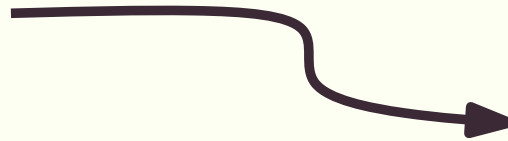


CAMP
Cost-adaptive multiqueue eviction policy

OUR ALGORITHM



p
GDS priority

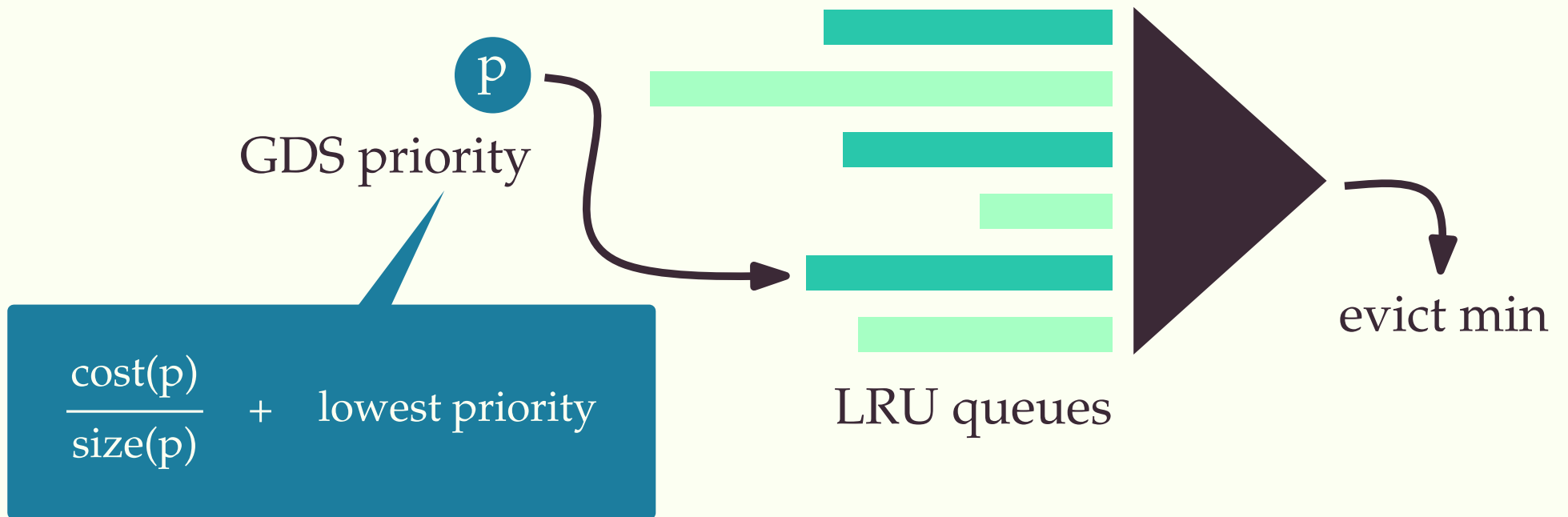


evict min

$$\frac{\text{cost}(p)}{\text{size}(p)} + \text{lowest priority}$$



CAMP





OUR ALGORITHM



LRU queues



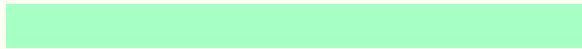
OUR ALGORITHM



FIFO queues



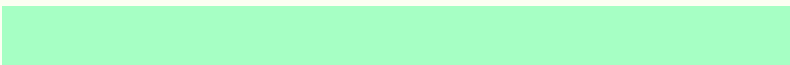
OUR ALGORITHM



FIFO queue



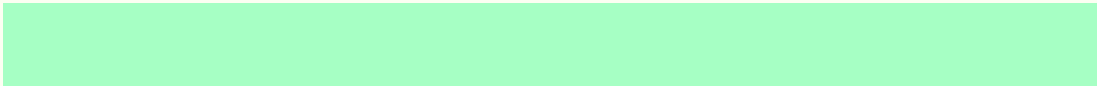
OUR ALGORITHM



FIFO queue



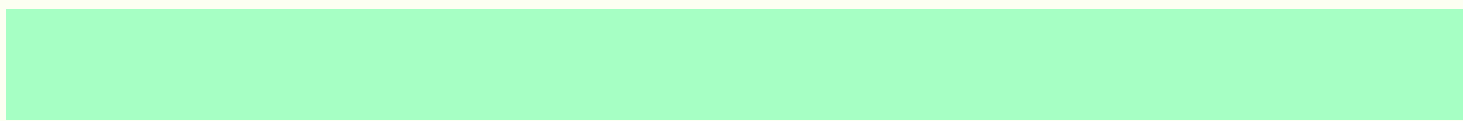
OUR ALGORITHM



FIFO queue



OUR ALGORITHM



FIFO queue



OUR ALGORITHM



FIFO queue



OUR ALGORITHM



FIFO queue



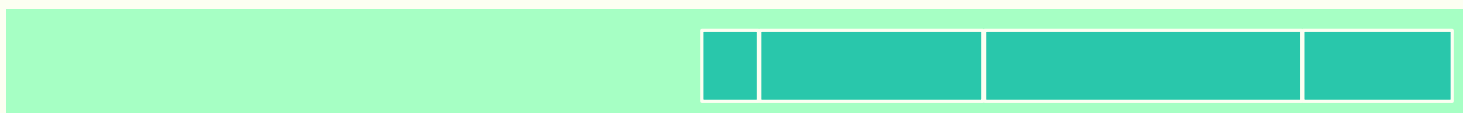
OUR ALGORITHM



FIFO queue



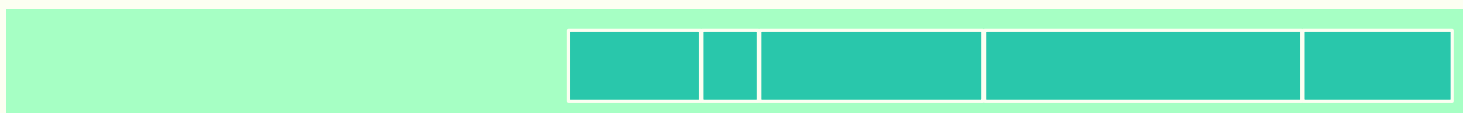
OUR ALGORITHM



FIFO queue



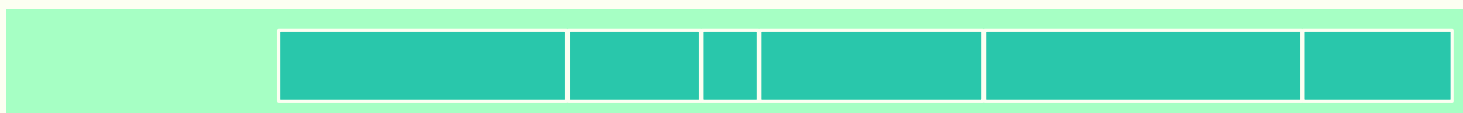
OUR ALGORITHM



FIFO queue



OUR ALGORITHM



FIFO queue



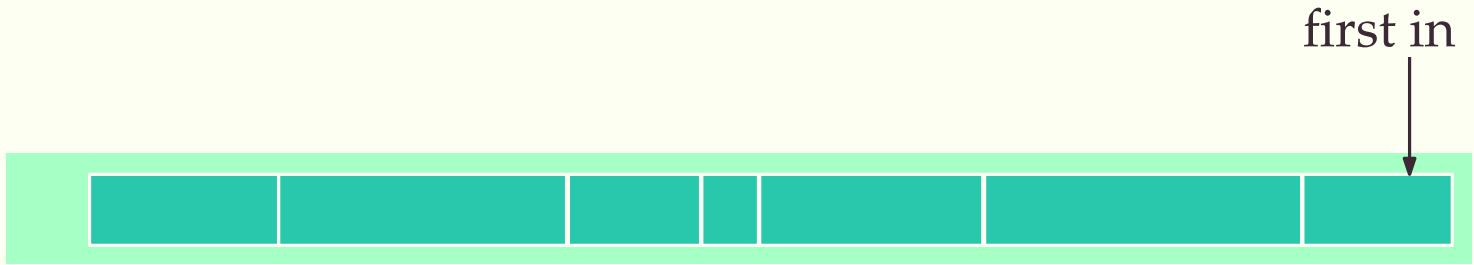
OUR ALGORITHM



FIFO queue



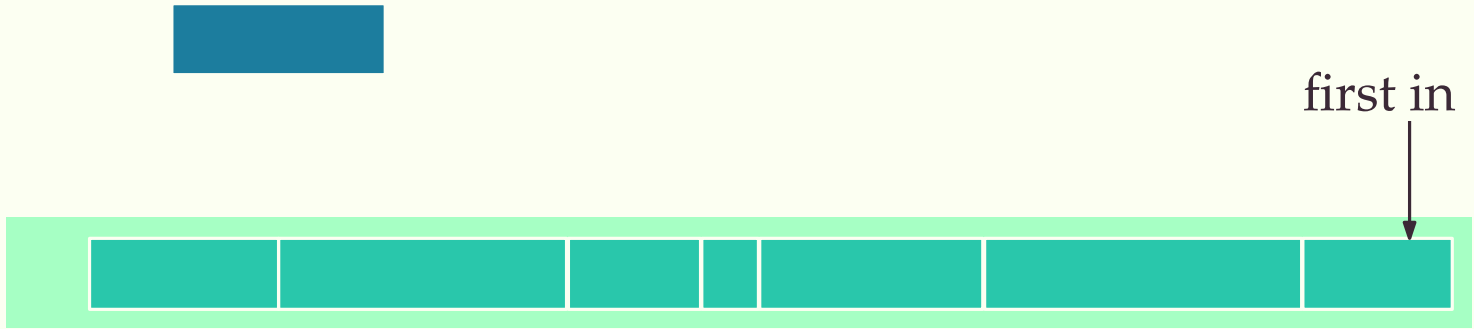
OUR ALGORITHM



FIFO queue



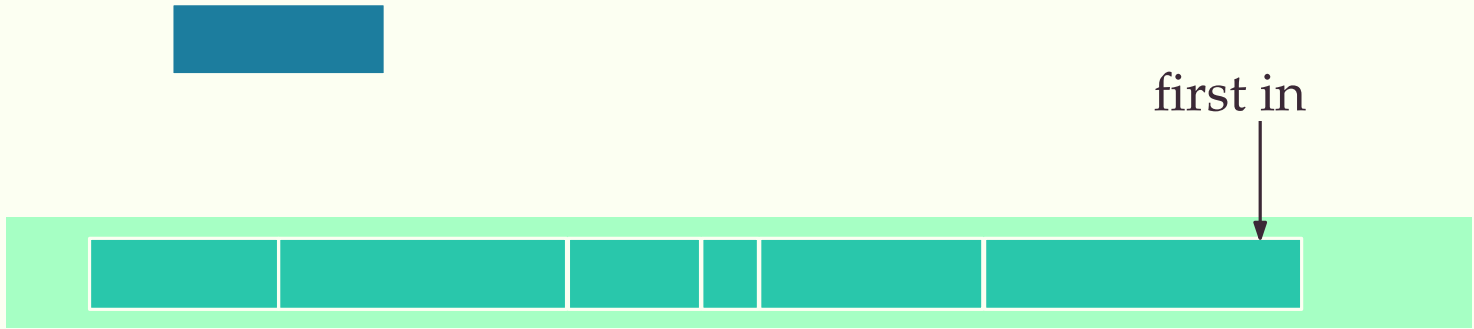
OUR ALGORITHM



FIFO queue



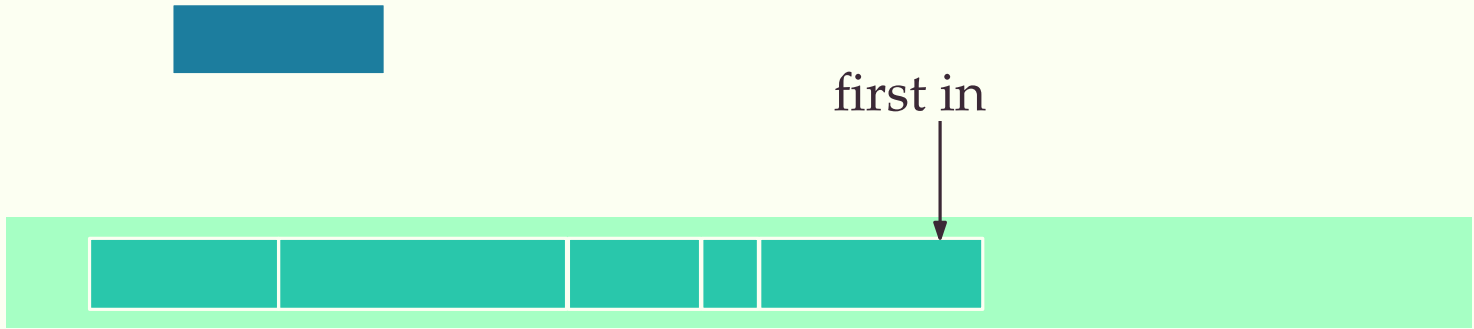
OUR ALGORITHM



FIFO queue



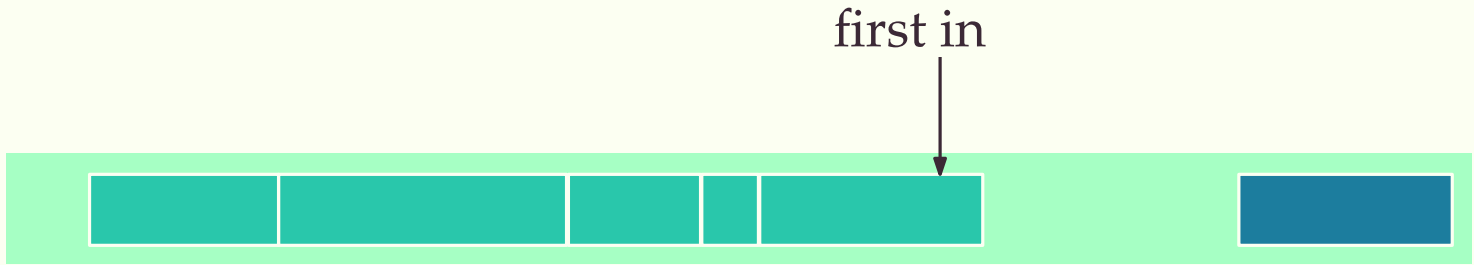
OUR ALGORITHM



FIFO queue



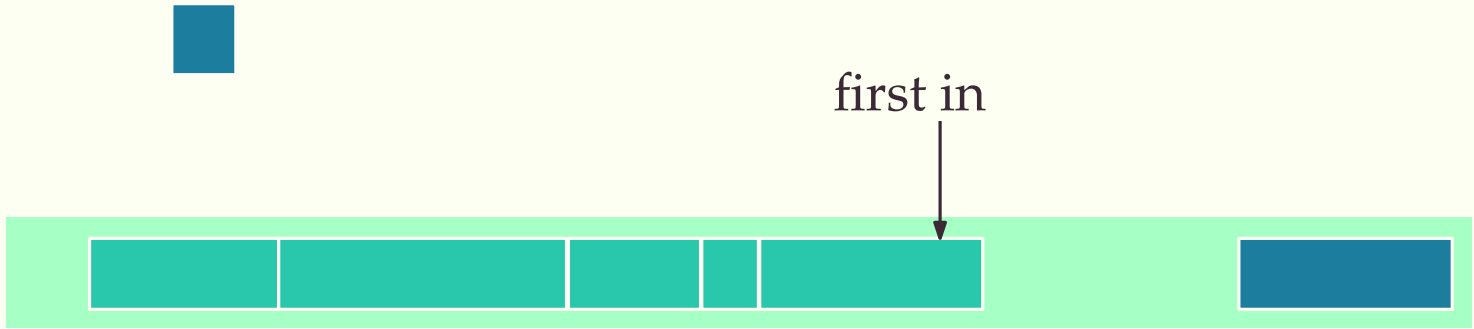
OUR ALGORITHM



FIFO queue



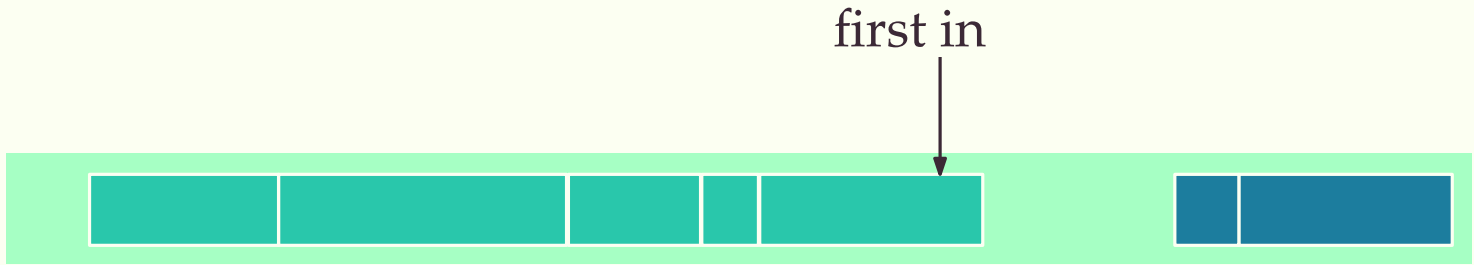
OUR ALGORITHM



FIFO queue



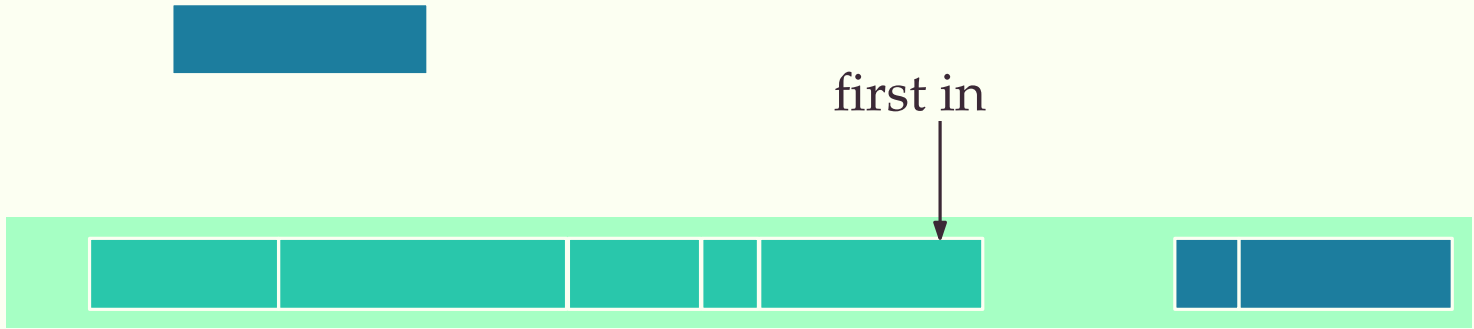
OUR ALGORITHM



FIFO queue



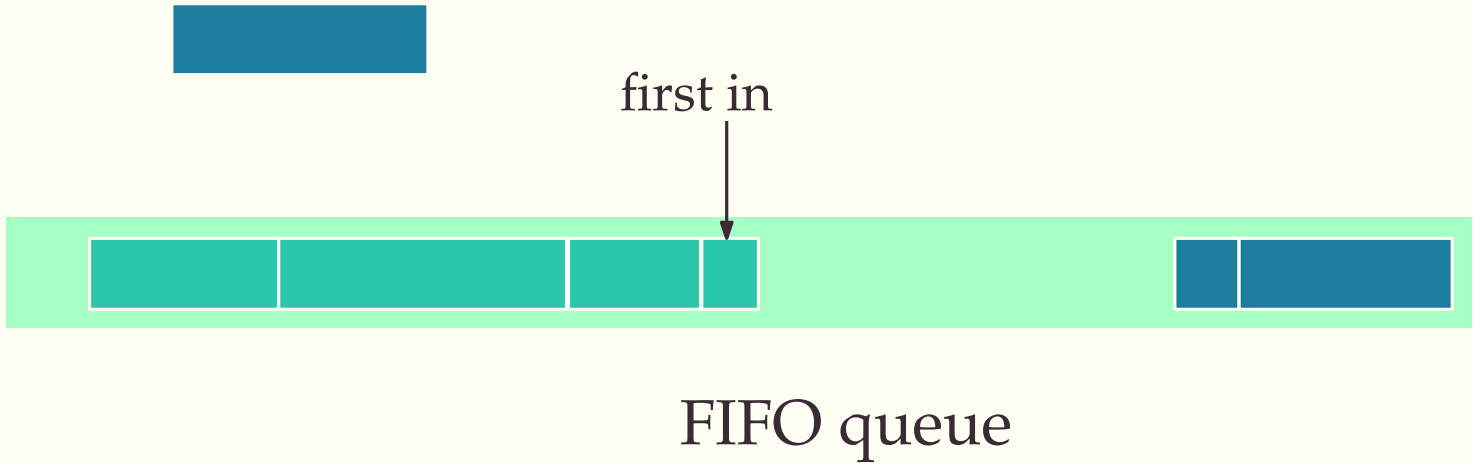
OUR ALGORITHM



FIFO queue

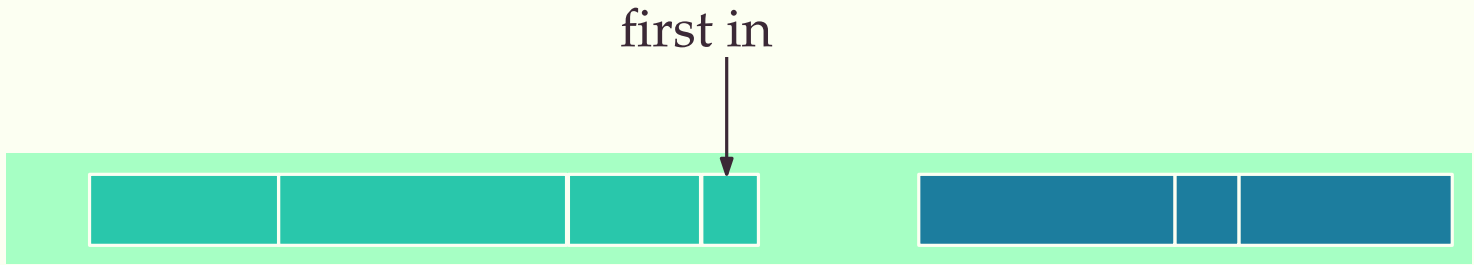


OUR ALGORITHM





OUR ALGORITHM

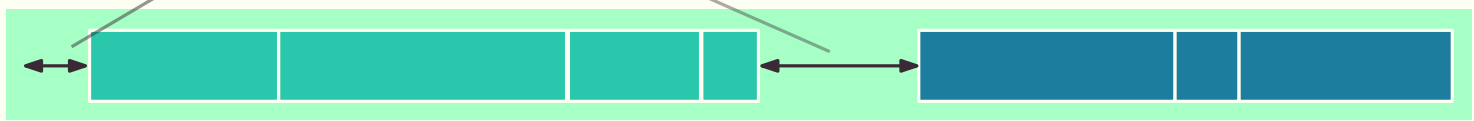


FIFO queue



OUR ALGORITHM

fragmentation ≤ 2 (max item size)



FIFO queue

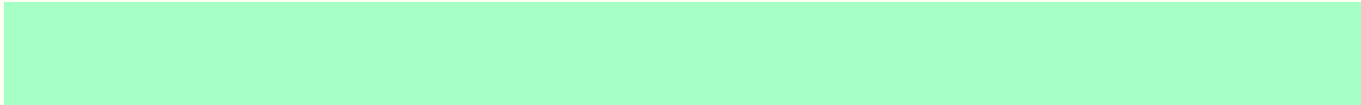


OUR ALGORITHM





OUR ALGORITHM



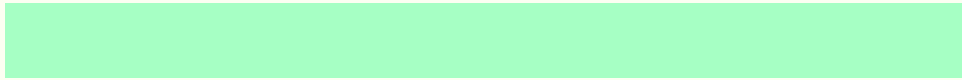


OUR ALGORITHM



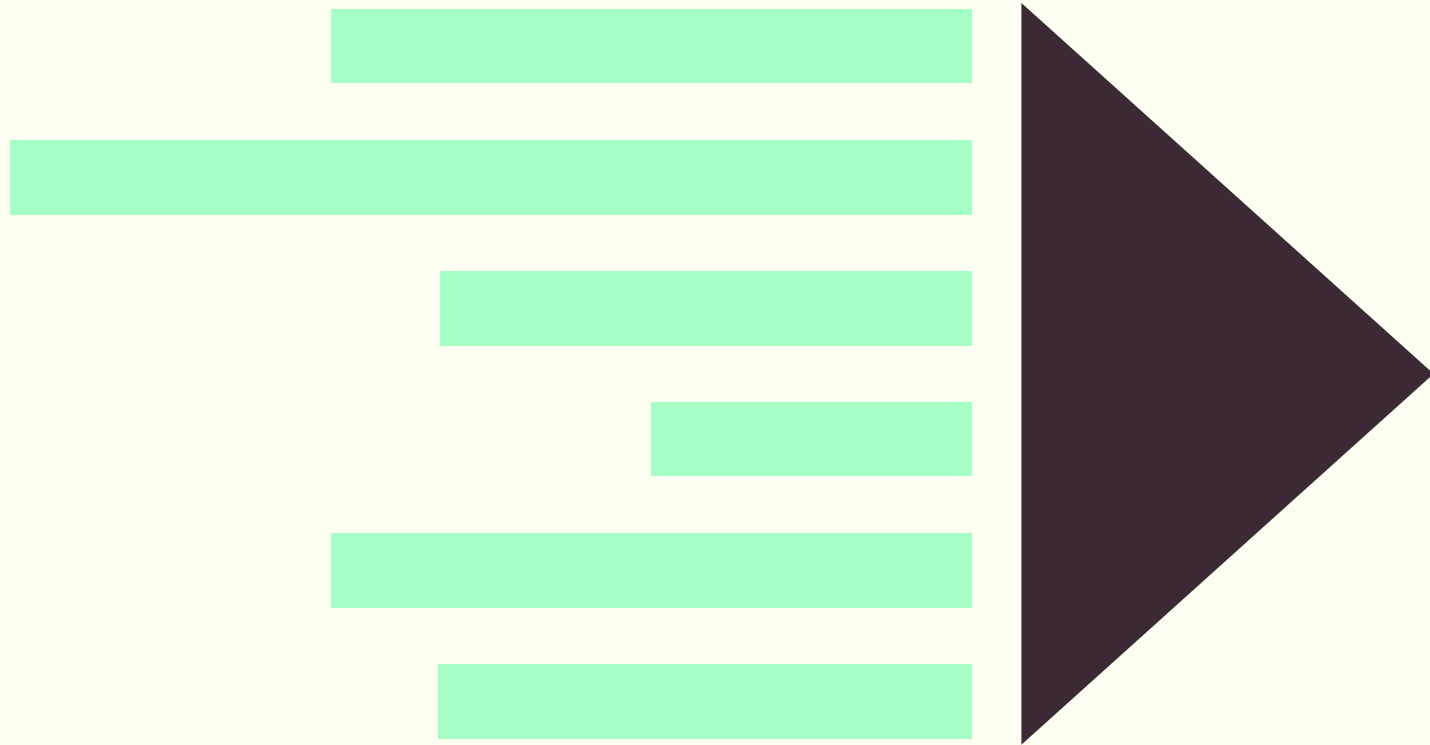


OUR ALGORITHM



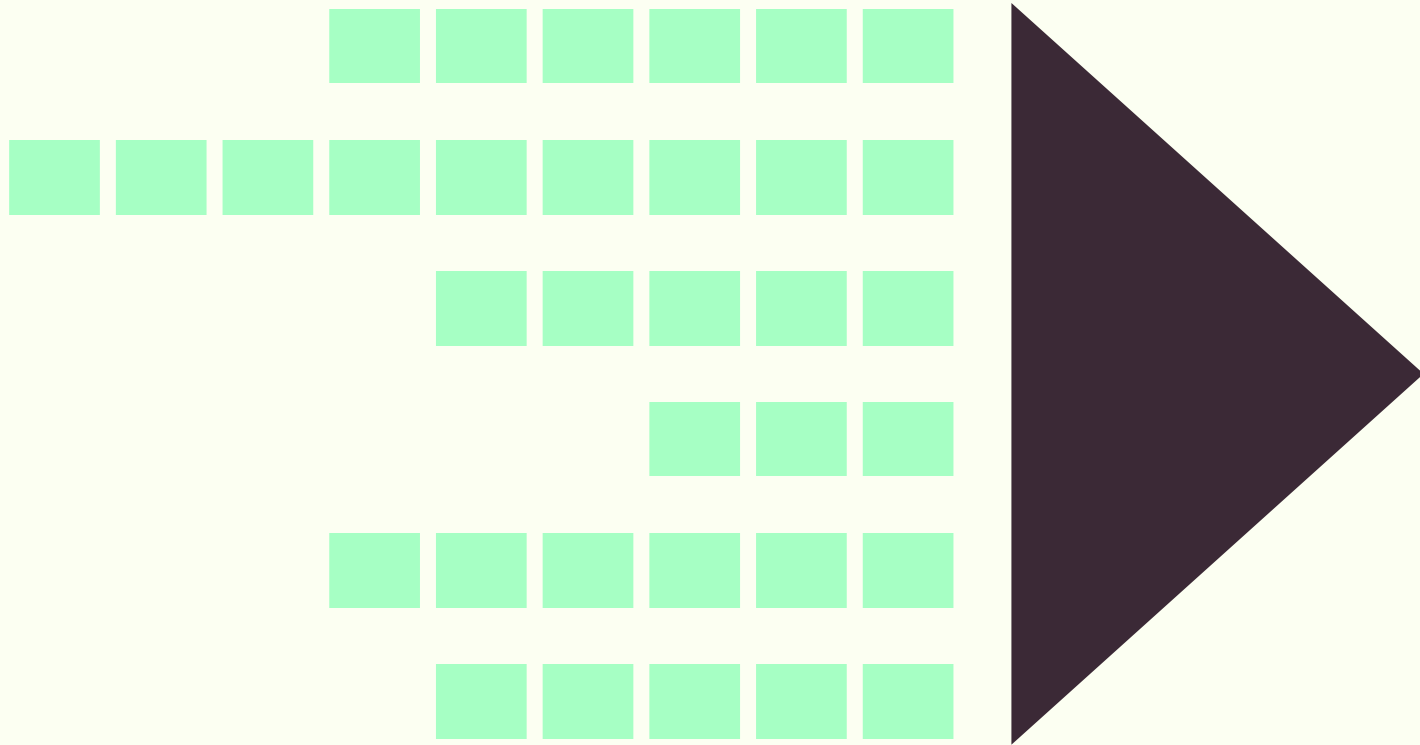


OUR ALGORITHM



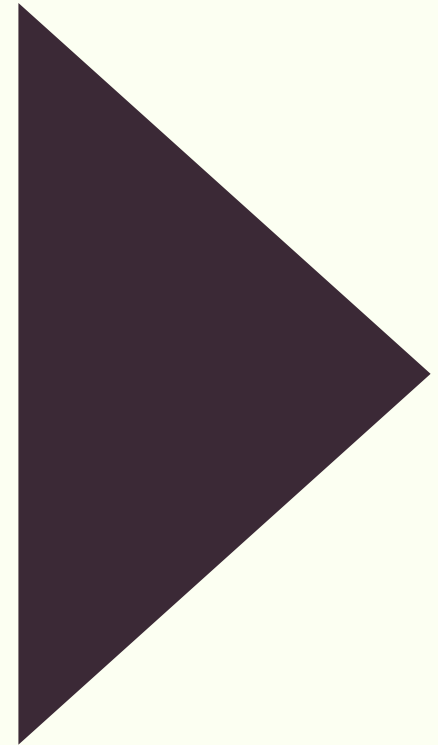
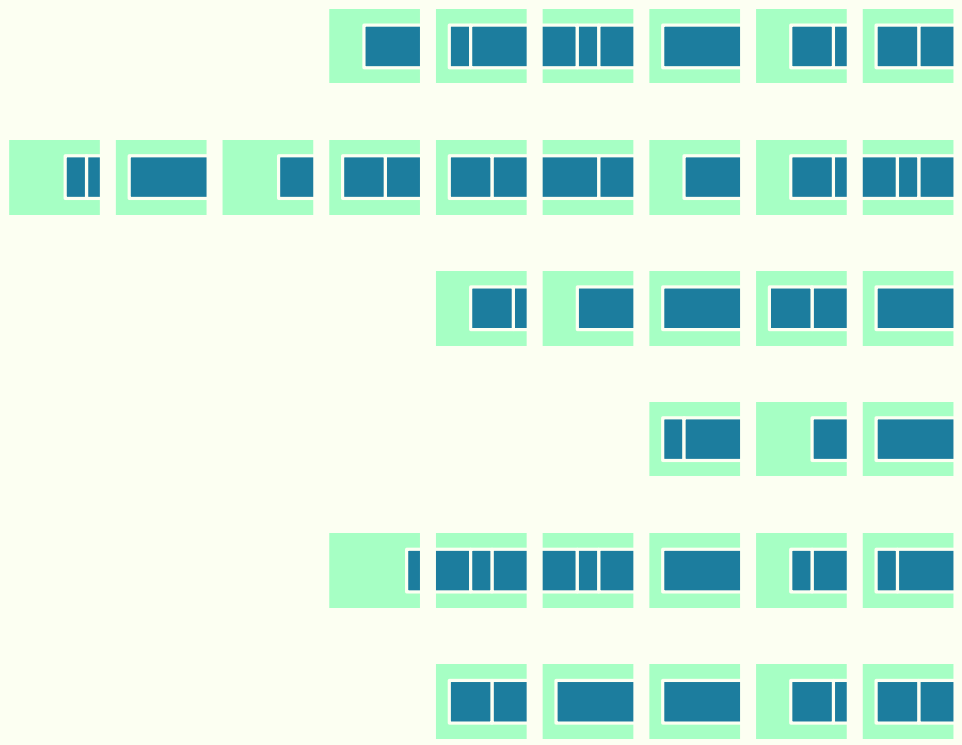


OUR ALGORITHM



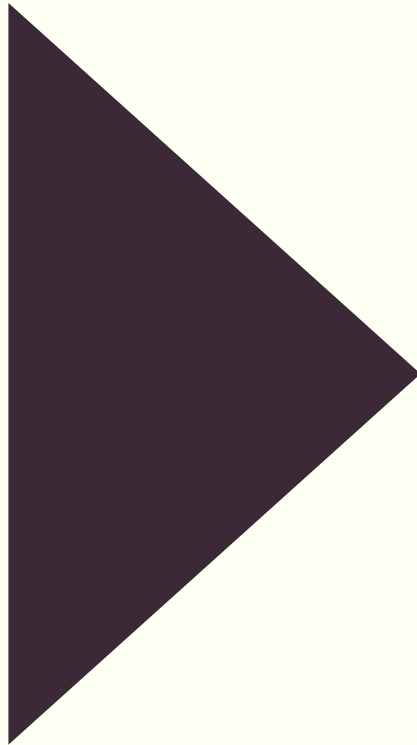
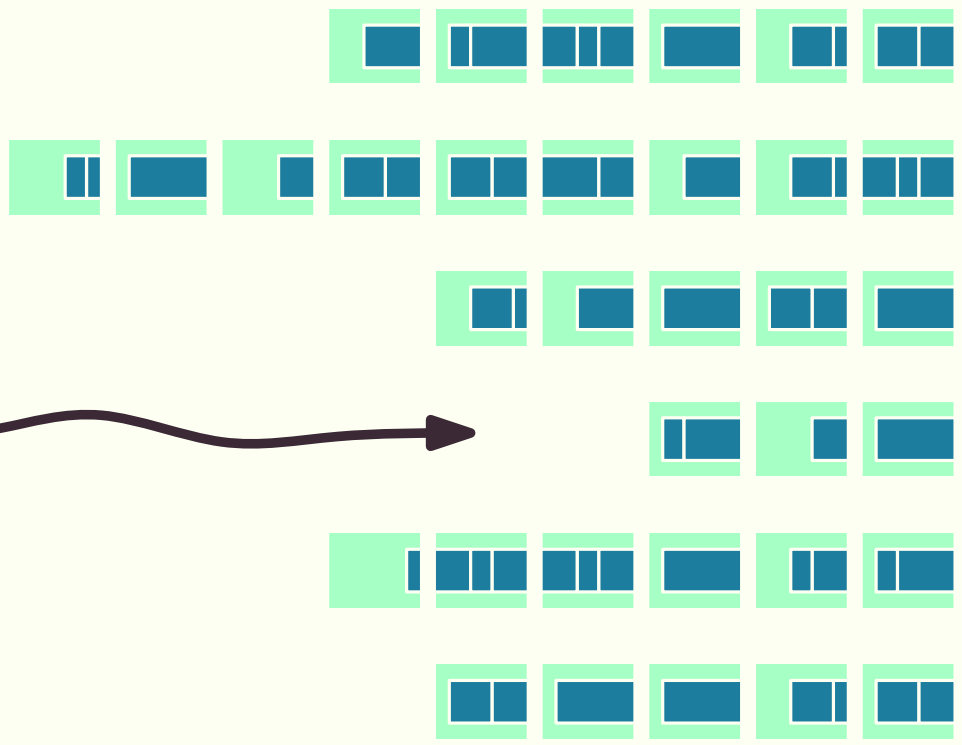


OUR ALGORITHM



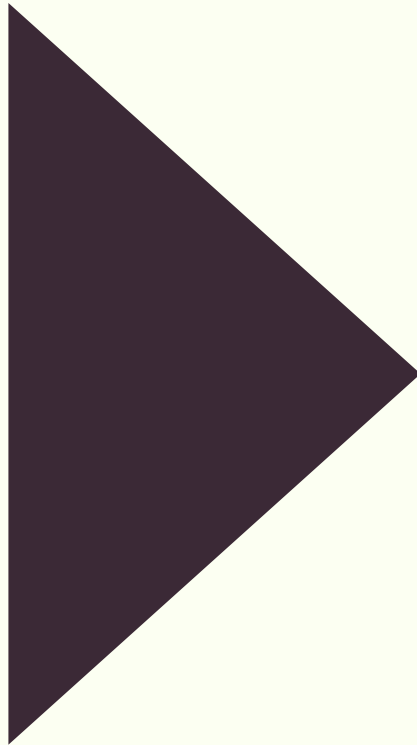
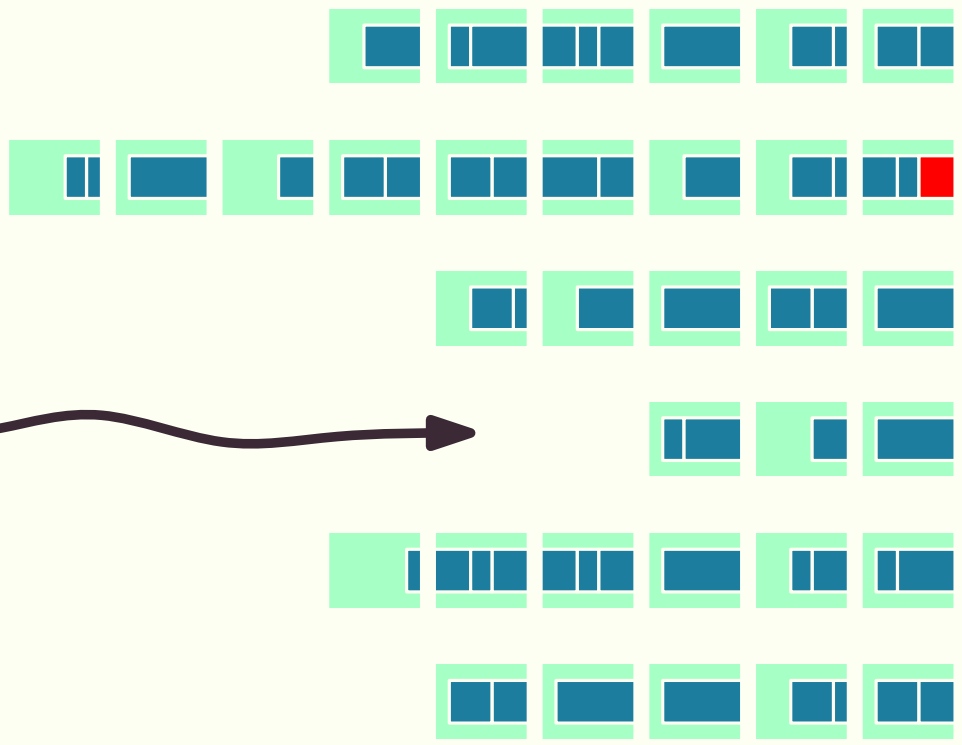


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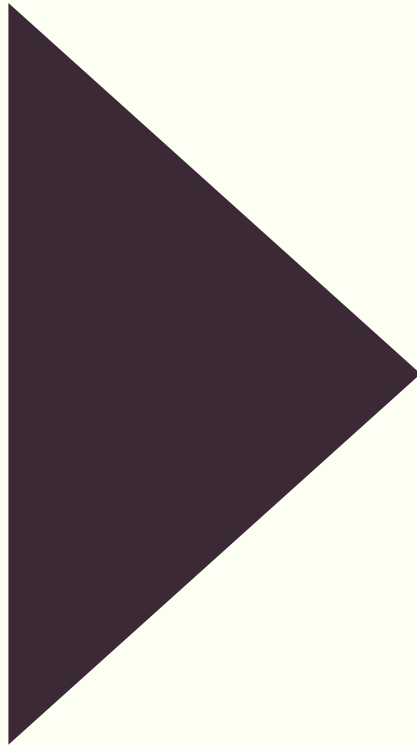
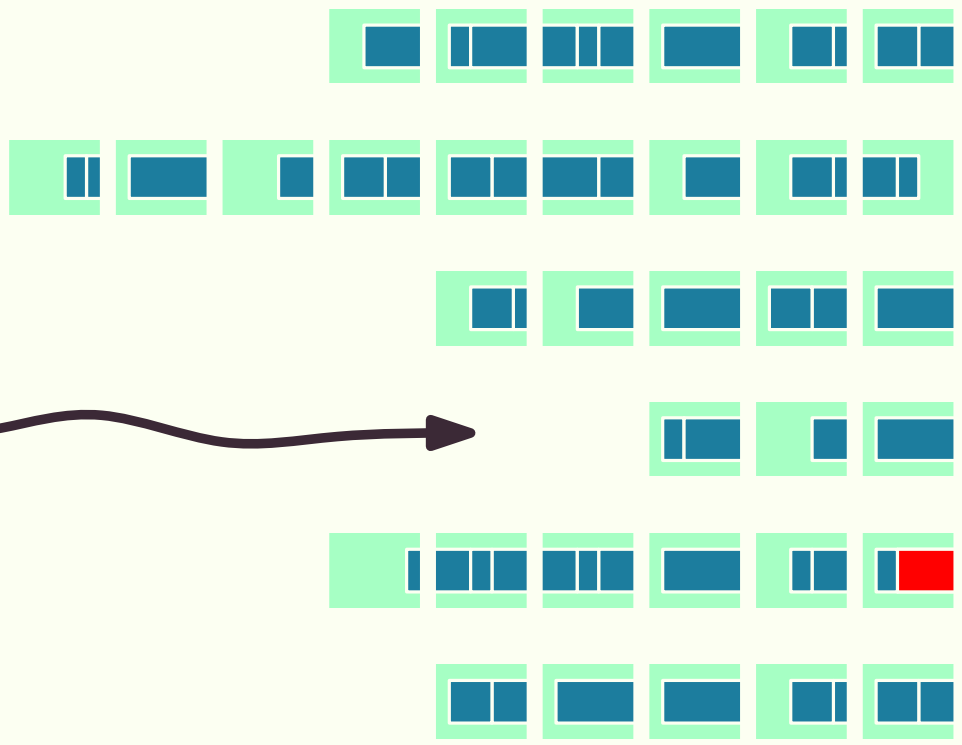


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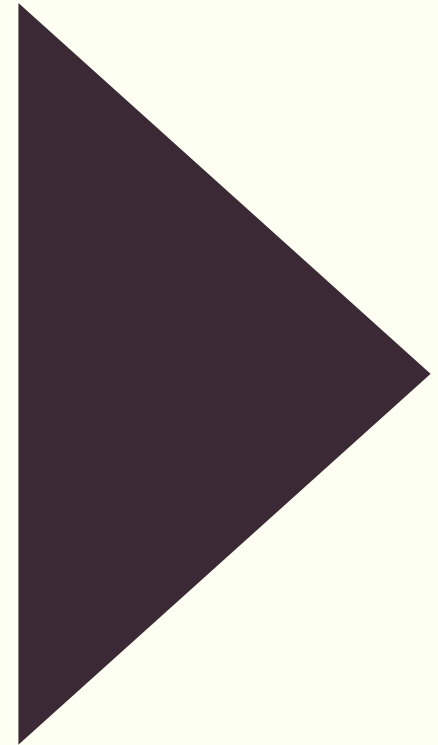
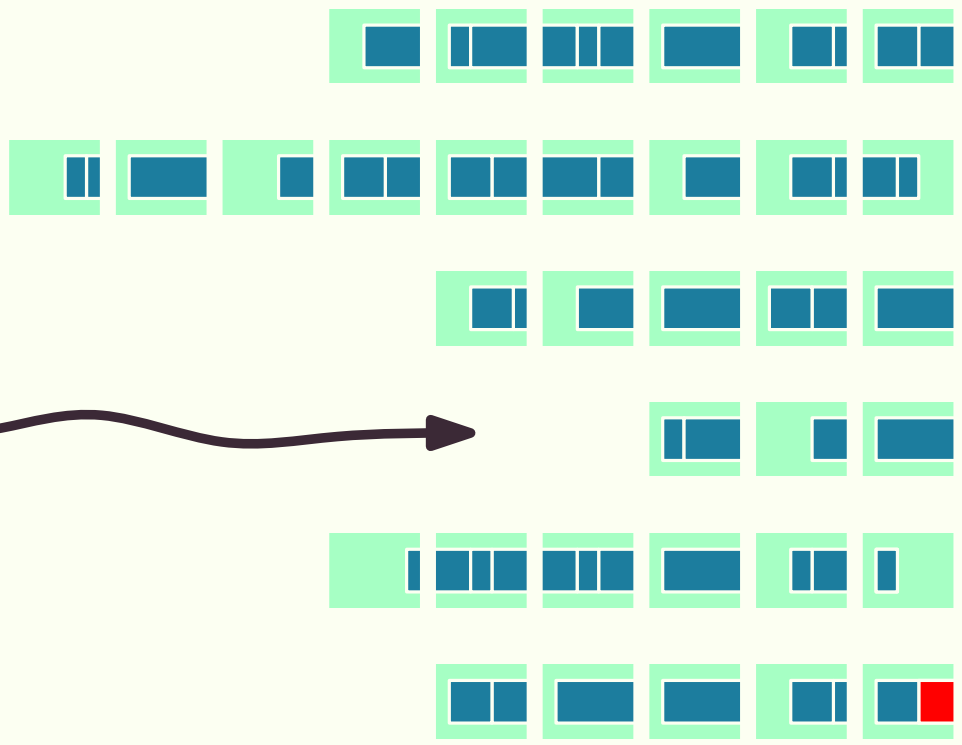


OUR ALGORITHM



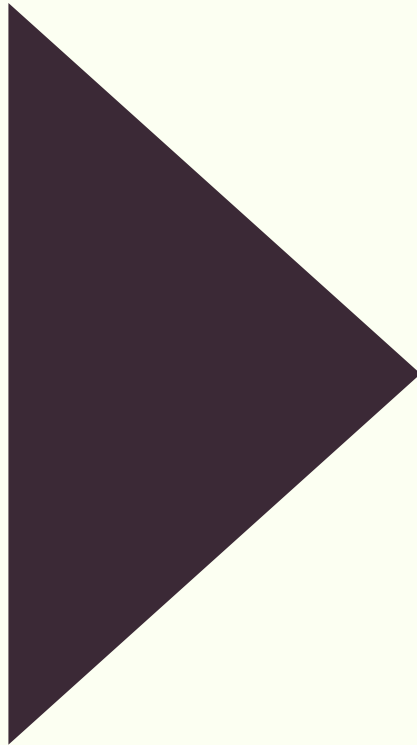
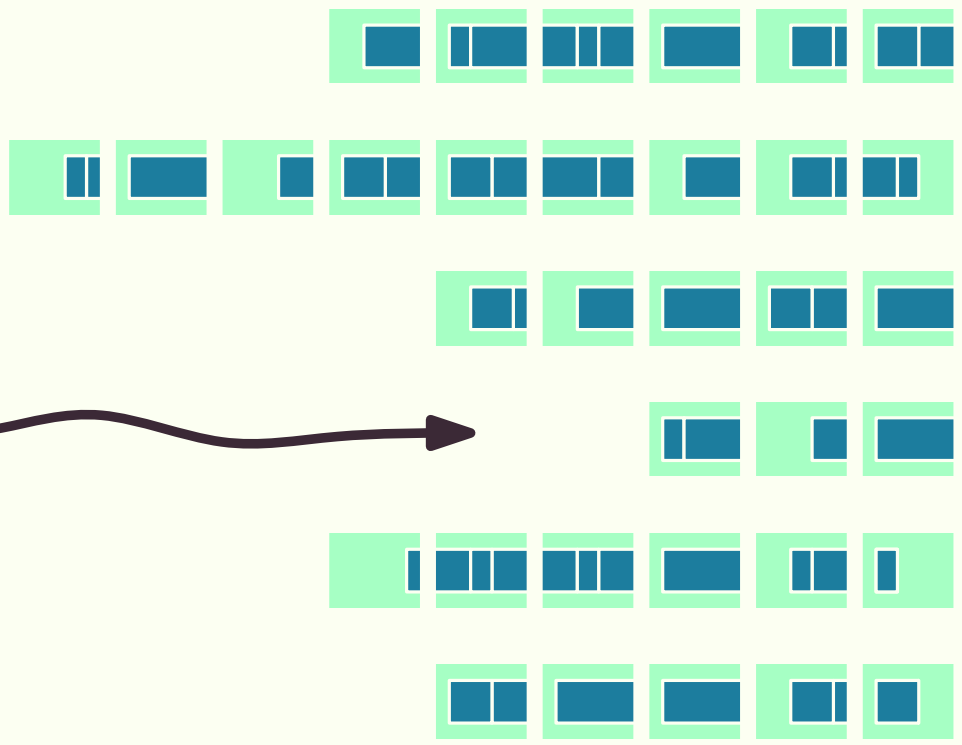


OUR ALGORITHM



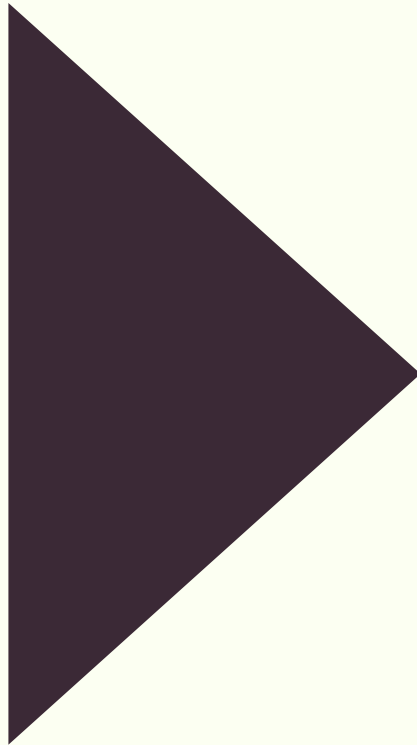
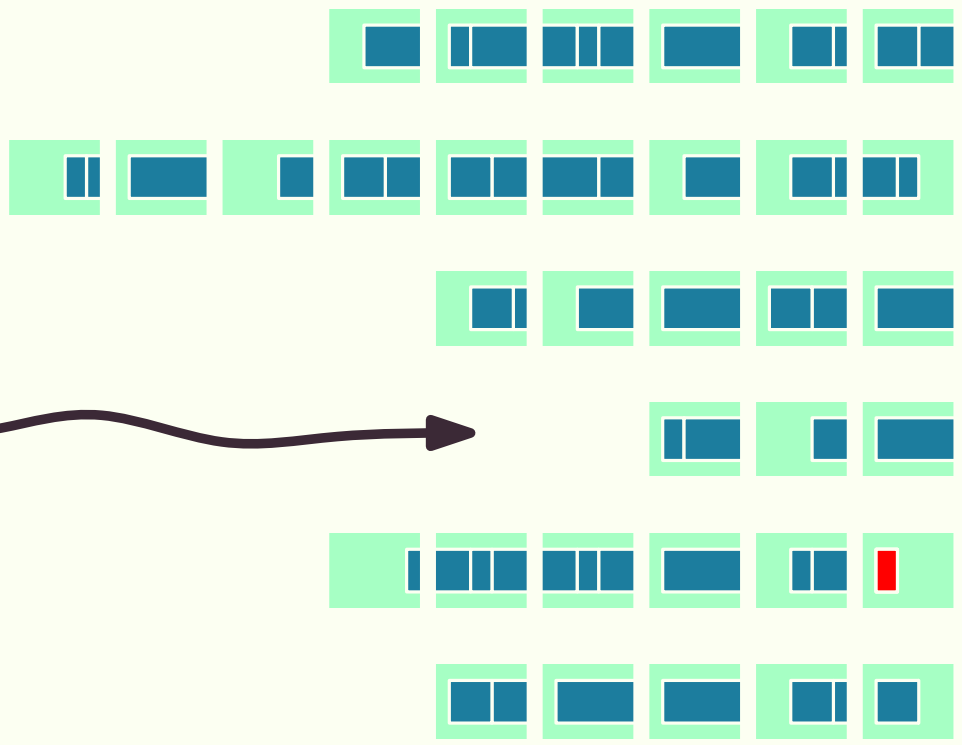


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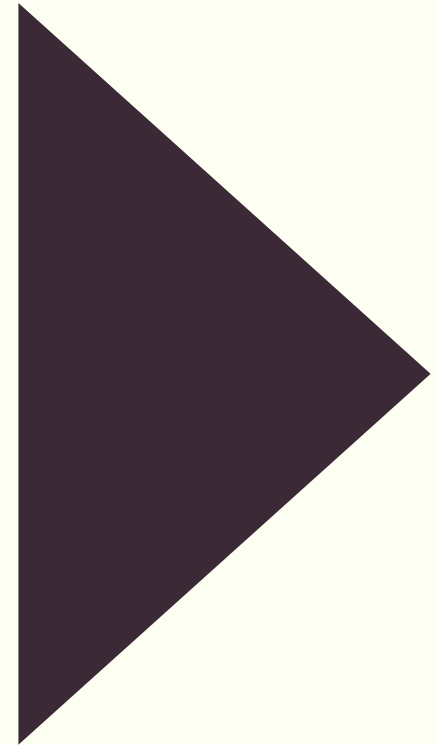
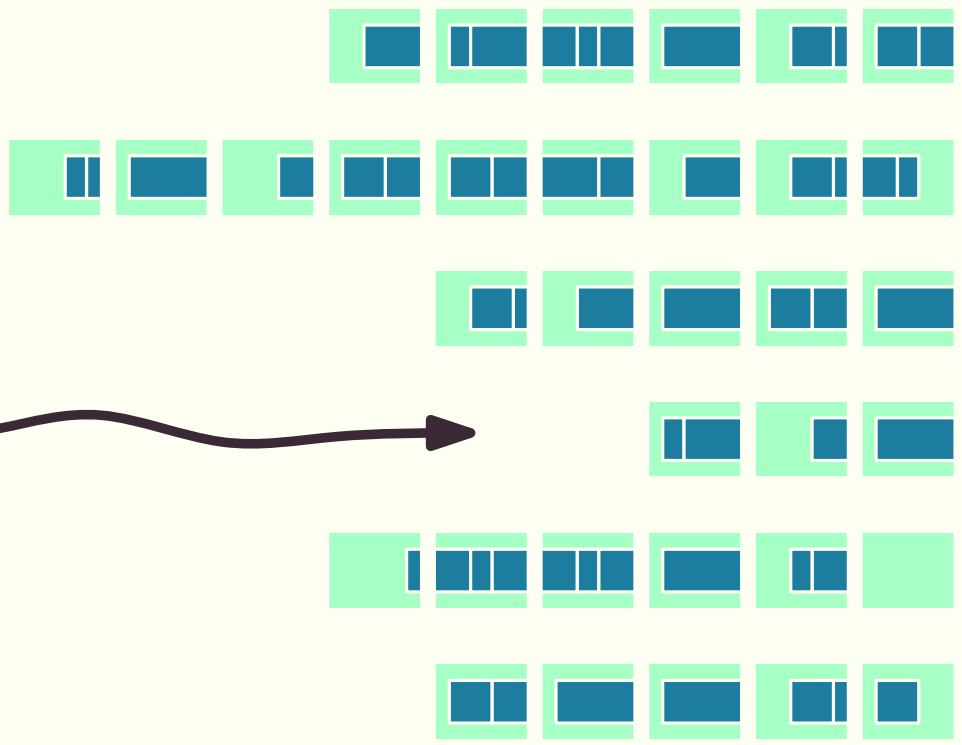


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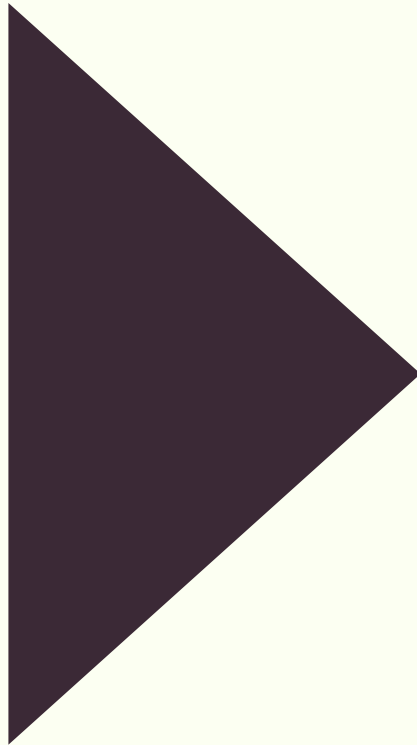
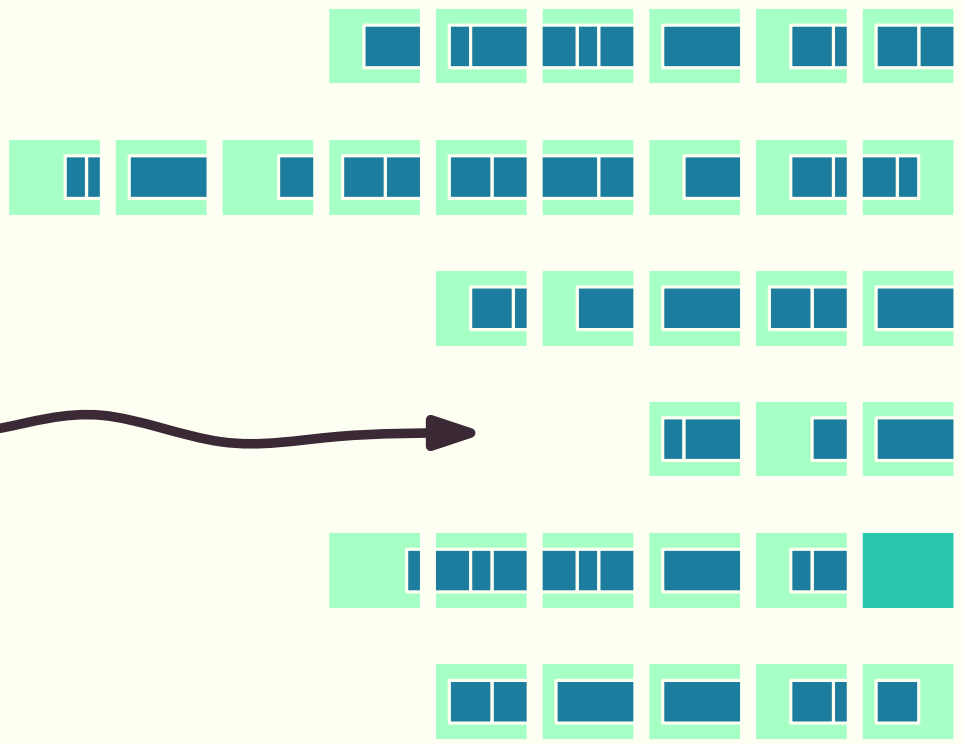


OUR ALGORITHM



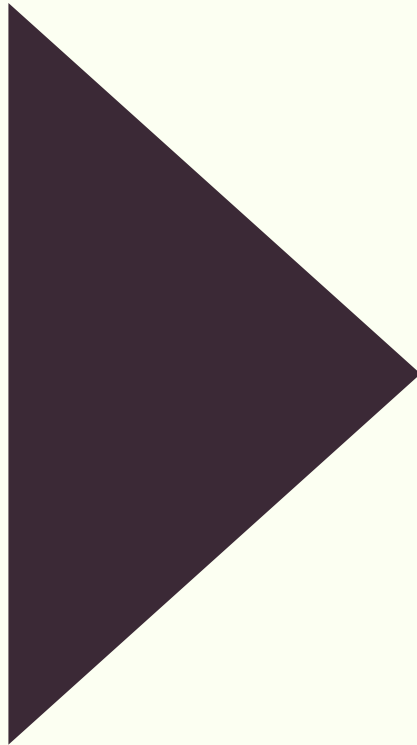
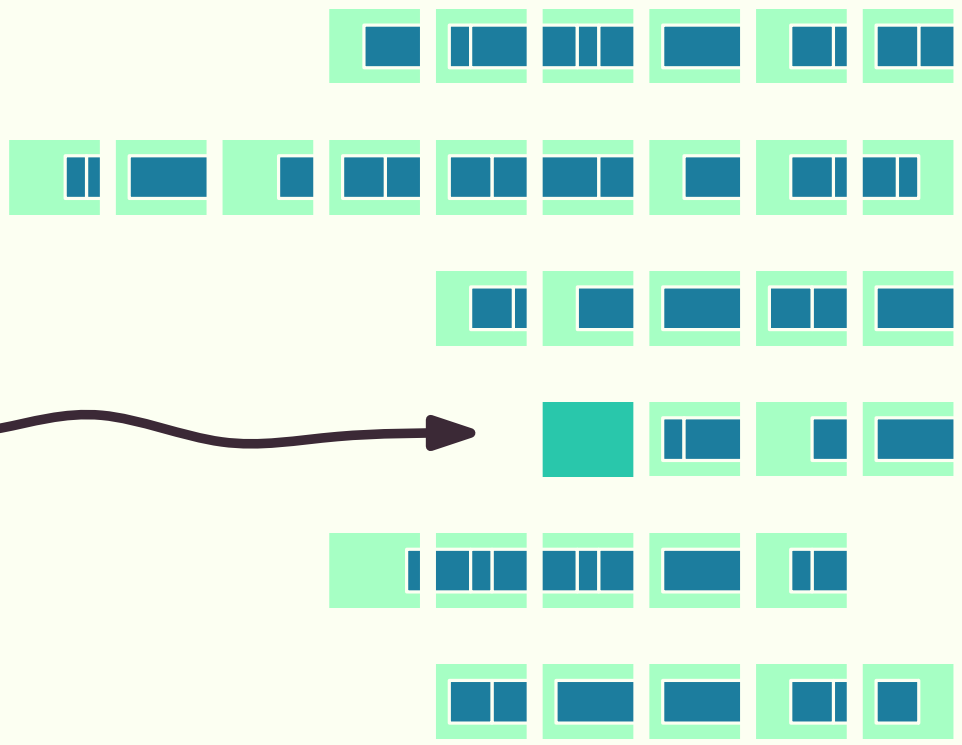


OUR ALGORITHM



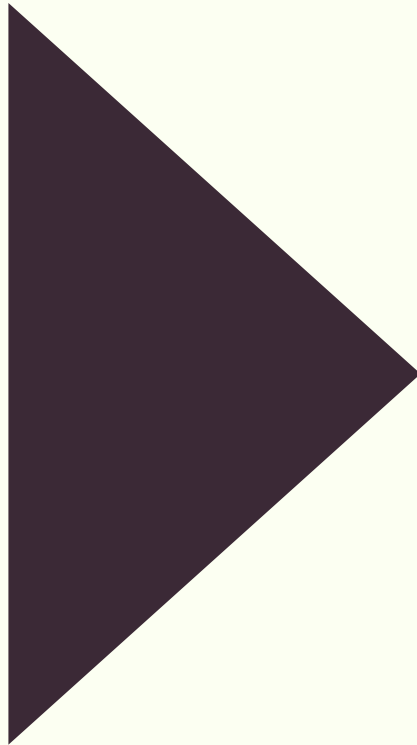
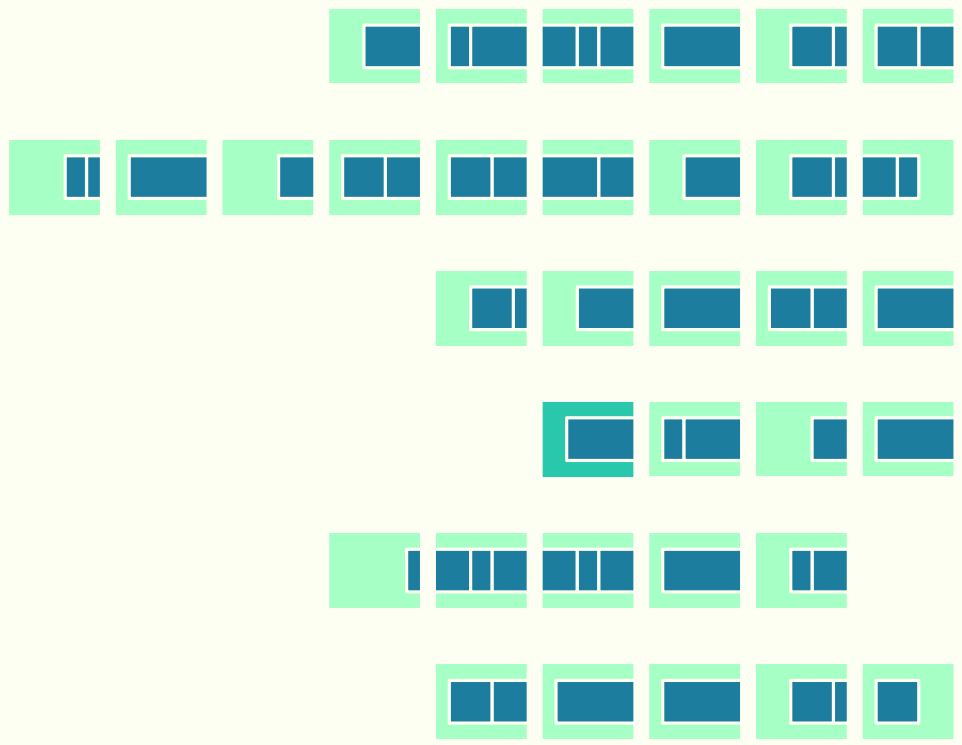


OUR ALGORITHM



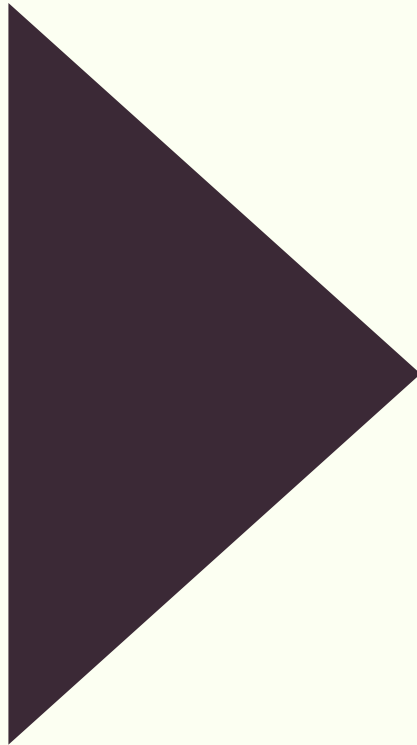
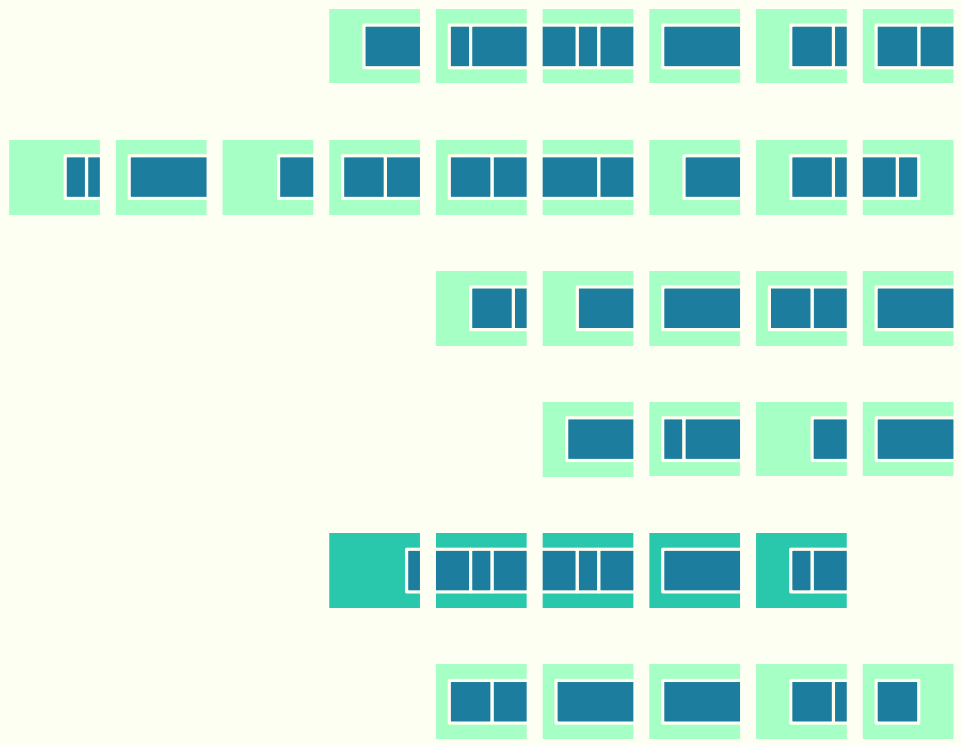


OUR ALGORITHM



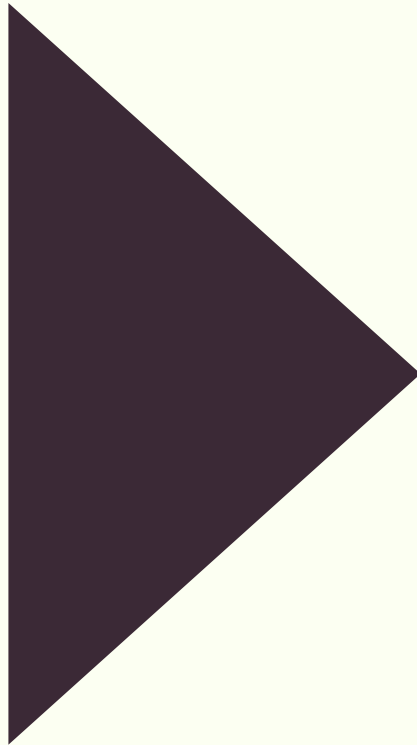
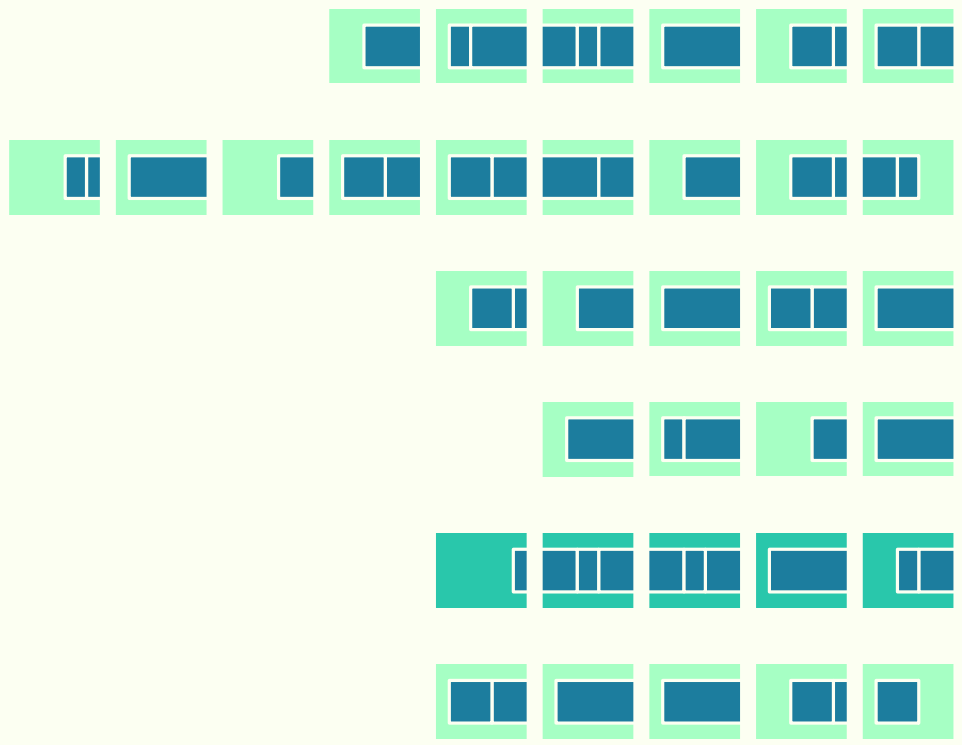


OUR ALGORITHM



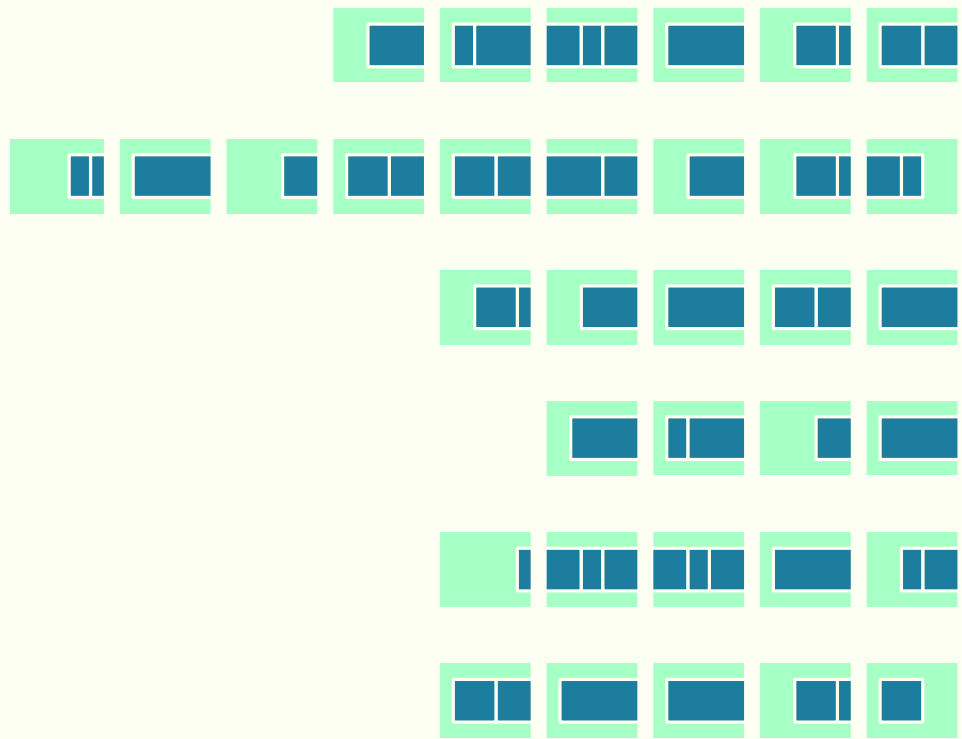


OUR ALGORITHM



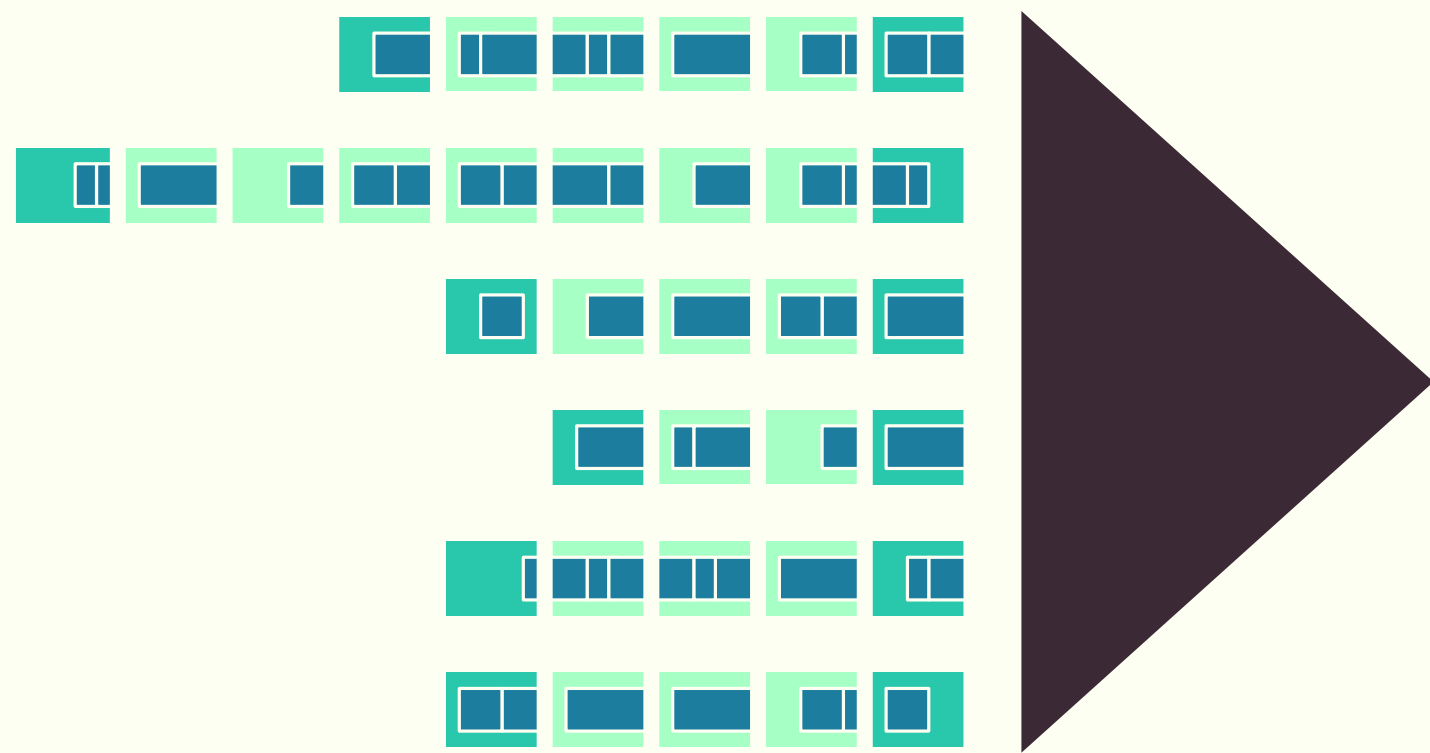


OUR ALGORITHM





OUR ALGORITHM



fragmentation ≤ 2 (num queues) (block size) + (num blocks) (max item size)



OUR ALGORITHM

is competitive if memory augmented

if $\text{OPT's cache size} \leq \text{ALG's cache size} - \text{fragmentation bound}$

then $\text{cost(ALG)} \leq \frac{\text{ALG's cache size}}{\text{min item size}} \text{cost(OPT)}$

fragmentation ≤ 2 (num queues) (block size) + (num blocks) (max item size)

EXPERIMENTS



trace generated by BG, a social networking benchmark

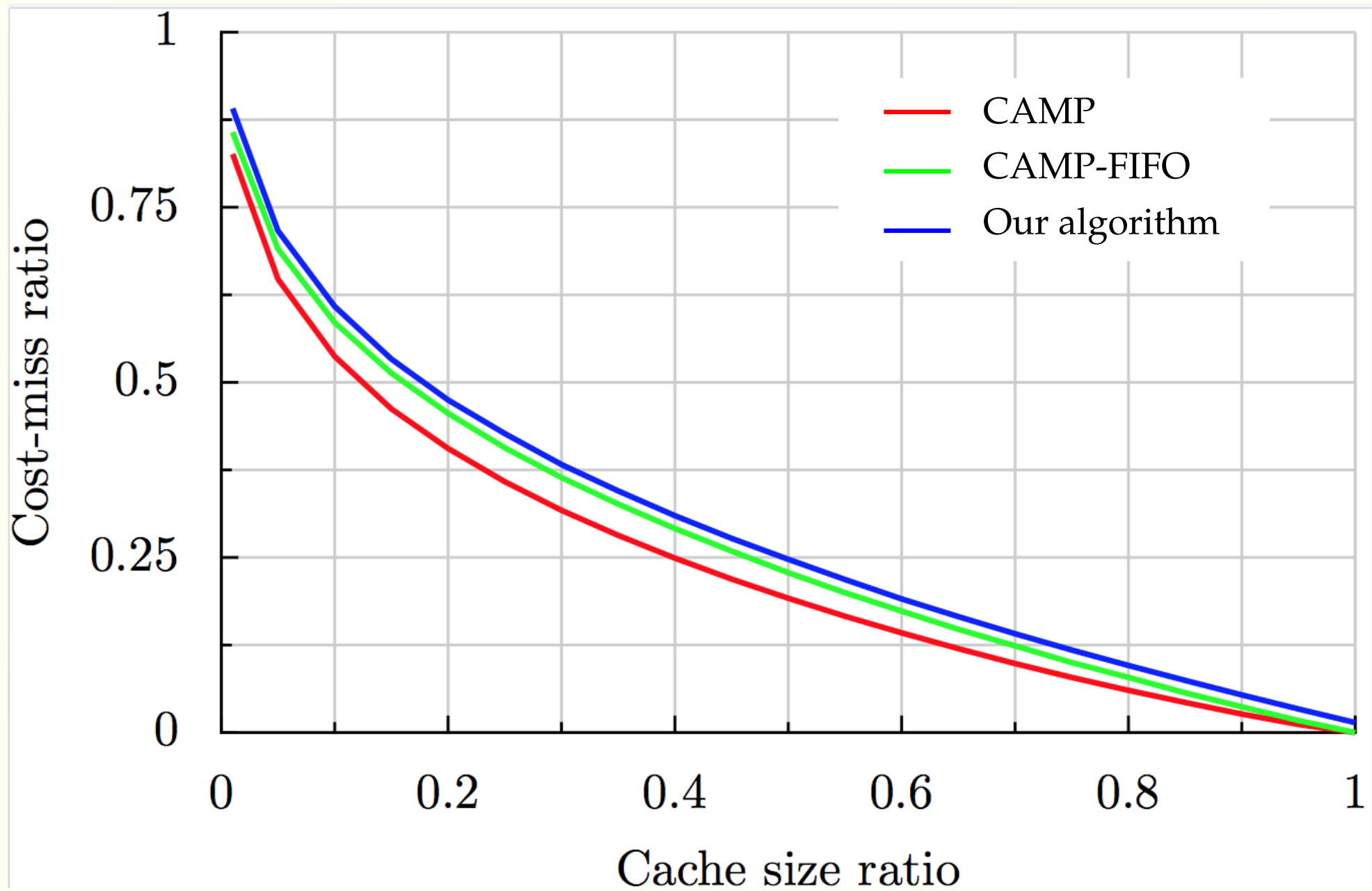
4 million requests

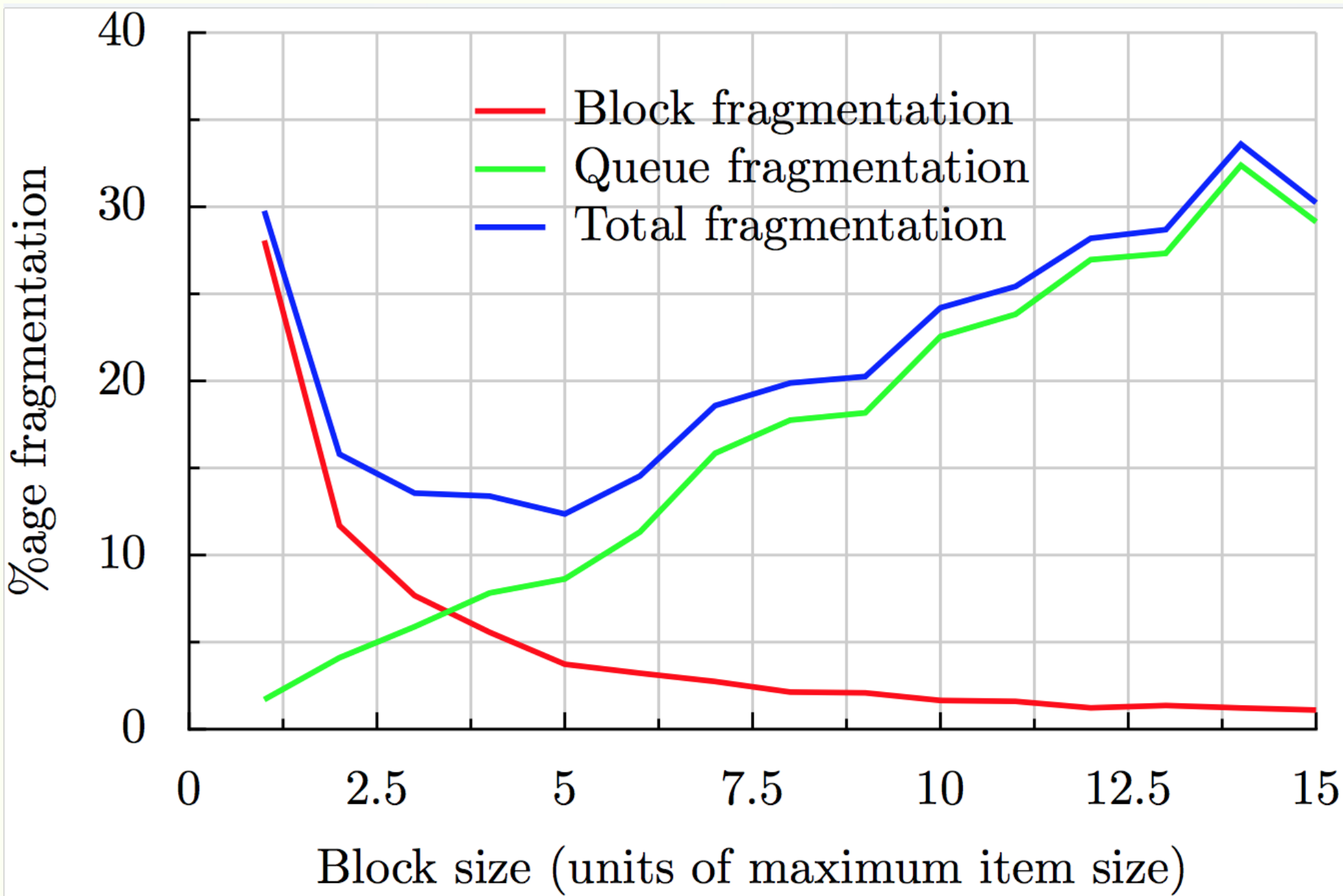
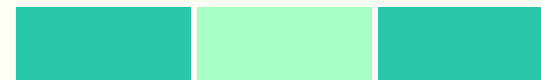
i.i.d. with 70% of requests to 20% of items

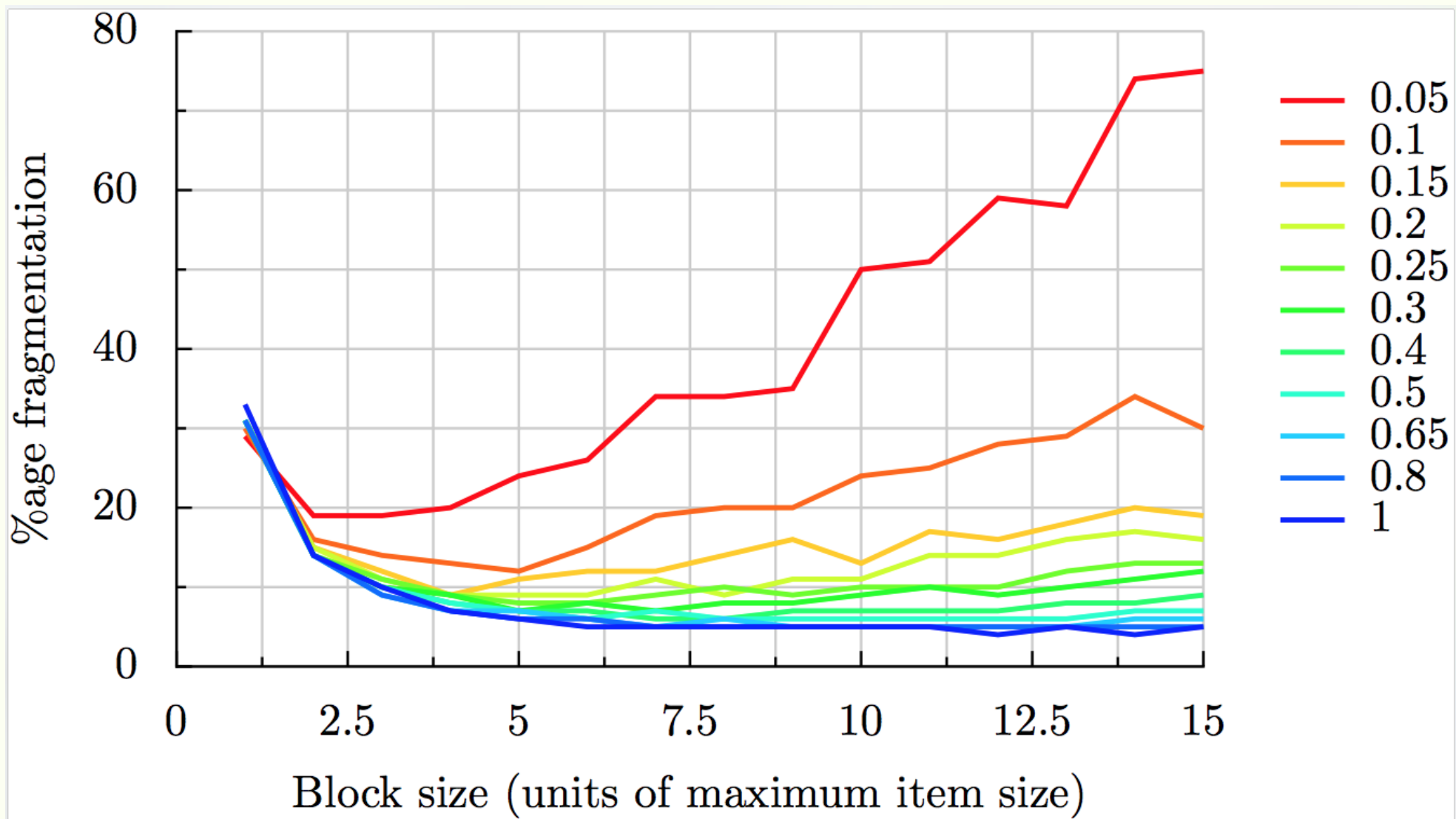


20,000 items











CONCLUSION

biggest performance degradation
going from LRU to FIFO queues



FUTURE RESEARCH

design a better algorithm for
the managed-memory caching problem
allowing moving items once in cache